



63rd Annual Community Picnic

Plans are under way for the 63rd Annual Brookville Community Picnic, a two day Brookville Area Chamber of Commerce event scheduled for July 26th and 27th.

Over \$10,000 in prizes will be given away at this year's picnic! Instead of the vehicle give-away, there will be multiple prize drawings with more chances to win, as well as a prize drawing for kids.

Entertainment will feature Harmony and The Broken Lights on Friday and Adelee & Gentry and Time Machine on Saturday.

A few of the activities include a kickball & basketball tournament, kiddie tractor pull and fishing derby, petting zoo, bouncy tent, caricature drawings, Senior Citizen Bingo and a fun new family friendly event –Monte Carlo night.

Old favorites returning are the Brookville Antique Farm Machinery Association, the Picnic Run, craft vendors, food vendors and a dunking booth. The Chamber will be raffling off a 10" Android based Tablet on Saturday. The picnic will conclude with a spectacular fireworks show sponsored by the City of Brookville.

If you are interested in renting booth space, contact the Chamber of Commerce at 833-2375.

City of **BROOKVILLE**

"A Proud and Progressive Community."

Summer Issue 2013

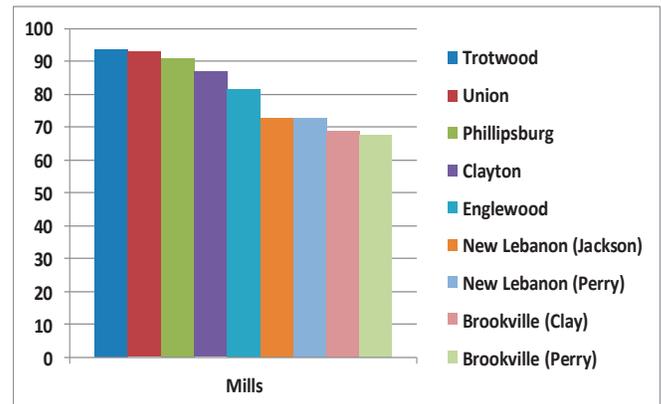
Phone: 937-833-2135 Fax: 937-833-3347

BROOKVILLE PROPERTY TAXES LOWEST IN REGION

A survey of area communities confirms that Brookville's effective rate of 67.71 mills in the Perry Township portion and 68.90 mills in the Clay Township portion is lowest. New Lebanon pays 73.01 (Perry), 73.17 (Jackson), Englewood pays 81.50, and Clayton pays 87.07 mills.

In dollar terms, Brookville residents living in the portion of Clay Township with an appraised property value of \$125,000 would pay \$2,637 annually. Of this amount, 63.24% goes to schools (Brookville, MVCTC & Sinclair), 24.72% goes to Montgomery County, 4.80% goes to the library, 5.34% goes to Clay Township (Fire Levy) and 1.90% stays in Brookville.

In dollar terms, Brookville residents living in the portion of Perry Township with an appraised property value of \$125,000 would pay \$2,592 annually. Of this amount, 64.35% goes to schools (Brookville, MVCTC & Sinclair), 25.15% goes to Montgomery County, 4.89% goes to the library, 3.68% goes to Perry Township (Fire Levy) and 1.92% stays in Brookville.



GRASS CLIPPINGS & STORM SEWER REMINDERS

Residents are asked not to discharge or blow grass clippings into the street and curb. Over a period of time, grass clippings can accumulate in the curb causing rainwater run off to be altered. It can also cause storm water catch basins to become blocked resulting in street flooding during heavy rains. Grass clippings also get slippery when wet, causing portions of the street to become slick for motor vehicles and bike riders.

The City's Property Maintenance Code declares a nuisance in Section 1353.04 (d). "Refuse and waste matter which by reason of its location and character, is unsightly and interferes with the reasonable enjoyment of property by neighbors." This definition of waste includes yard waste, plant clippings, prunings and other discarded material from yards and gardens.

Residents are also reminded that dumping substances into storm sewers, such as motor oil, gas, paint, or other chemicals is prohibited for environmental reasons. Storm sewer flows carry excess water and release it into local streams, creeks and rivers. Dumping illicit material could not only pollute public waterways but also cause groundwater contamination. State and federal regulations require that cities remind the public about their responsibility to the environment.



New Police Officers Get Sworn In – April 2013

The Brookville Police Department would like to introduce the two newest members of our law enforcement team.

Chad Norman, who was hired in April as a full-time Police Officer, began his law enforcement career with the Perry Township Police Department.

Officer Norman then went to the City of Clayton where he served as a part-time Police Officer for the past four years. Officer Norman is a graduate of Northmont High School and obtained his Associate of Applied Science in Criminal Justice at Sinclair Community College. He is married with two children.



Police Officer Jon Woodie was also hired in April. Officer Woodie, who will serve as a part-time Officer, came to us from the Village of New Lebanon Police Department where he served as an auxiliary Police Officer.

Officer Woodie is a graduate of Northmont High School and obtained his Associate of Applied Science in Criminal Justice at Sinclair Community College. Officer Woodie also works for the City of Englewood where he serves as a police and fire dispatcher, Level II firefighter and an EMT. He is engaged with plans to be married in July 2013. He and his fiancé are the proud parents of a newborn baby girl.



Brookville Police Department Law and Citizenship Camp

The Brookville Police Department is excited to announce its first Law and Citizenship Camp for the youth of our community. The camp will teach youth the different aspects of citizenship, law enforcement and branches of government. Students will attend workshops, listen to guest speakers, participate in team building exercises, recreational activities, and hold a mock trial in an actual Montgomery County Municipal Courtroom.

This free camp was made possible by generous donations and collaborated efforts between local police departments and Brookville Local Schools.

The camp will be held July 15-19, 2013 from 9:00 a.m. until 3:00 p.m. Camps will be separated by grades 6-8 and 9-12. Space is limited and will be on a first come, first served basis. The deadline for registrations will be at the close of business on Monday, July 8, 2013.

The Brookville Police Department will also host its first **Citizens Police Academy for adults** in August of 2013.

For more information on either program, contact the Brookville Police Department between 8:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. Monday through Friday at 937-833-2001.

Brookville Students Artwork Displayed at Brookville Police Department

On Tuesday April 30, 2013, the Police Department held a dedication ceremony for some works of art that were created by the sixth grade students at the Brookville Intermediate School and are now permanently displayed at the Brookville Police Department.

The art was originally created by the students for the Veterans Day Assembly in November of 2012 and was displayed in the hallway of the Brookville Intermediate School until Police Chief Jerome inquired about moving it to the Brookville Police Department for permanent display.

These preservation efforts were made possible by local artist Jeffrey Hosier, who carefully preserved, framed and displayed the artwork; and by a generous financial donation from Thrush and Son Complete Home Improvement Company located in Brookville, Ohio.

The students who created the works of art attended the dedication and toured the City of Brookville Police Department. "We are very fortunate to be able to honor our Veterans and the sixth grade students that created these memorable and patriotic works of art." stated Police Chief Doug Jerome.





2013 Water Quality Report

This report contains information on the quality of drinking water within the City of Brookville. It is required annually by the Federal Safe Drinking Water Act to provide consumers with information concerning water quality and advise of potential health effects of any contaminants. We monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not your drinking water meets health standards. For more information, please contact the City of Dayton Water Department at 937-333-6030.

OUR WATER SOURCE

Brookville's water comes from the City of Dayton Treatment Plant through the Montgomery County Water Distribution System and is serviced by the Westbrook pump station. Storage is in a 500,000 gallon elevated tank. The source of this water is the Miami Valley Buried Aquifer. The Aquifer is a large underground area of water-bearing sand and gravel deposits. This groundwater is influenced by surface water. The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells.

THE TREATMENT PROCESS

Dayton has two water treatment plants which treat water that is pumped from wells. Wells pump extremely "hard" water to treatment plants for softening. "Hard" water has natural minerals which can clog pipes and water heaters over time. At the treatment plants lime is reacted with minerals in water to reduce "hardness". Then, fluoride and chlorine are added. Rapid sand filtration is the final step in the treatment process. After filtration, water is pumped to the distribution system.

POSSIBLE CONTAMINANTS

As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include: microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production; and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems; and radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. Drinking water, including bottled water may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. To ensure water is safe for consumption, the EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which provide the same protection for public health.

GROUNDWATER PROTECTION

In 1985, a Well Field Protection Program was developed to counter threats to groundwater quality. This program includes land use control zoning, treatment of contaminated groundwater, early warning monitoring wells, and emergency preparedness. Dayton's Well Field Protection Program won an award from the American Water Works Association and was the first program approved by the Ohio EPA. The Groundwater Foundation has also designated Dayton as a Groundwater Guardian community. Dayton encourages environmentally friendly, economic development projects in its groundwater protection areas.

SOURCE WATER ASSESSMENT

The Ohio EPA conducted a source water assessment of Dayton's water source. The assessment concluded that the aquifer supplying water to the City of Dayton's well fields has a high susceptibility to contamination. This determination is based on: the influence of surface water recharge to the aquifer; the presence of a relatively thin protective layer of clay overlying the aquifer; contaminant plumes in Dayton's well field protection area; the presence of significant potential contaminant sources in the protection area; and the presence of contaminants in treated water. More information about the source water assessment or what consumers can do to help protect the aquifer is available by calling the Division of Environmental Management at (937) 333-3725.

HEALTH INFORMATION

Some people are more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons-those undergoing chemotherapy, organ transplant recipients, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

REGULATED SUBSTANCE	HIGHEST LEVEL ALLOWED (MCL)	IDEAL GOALS (MCLG)	HIGHEST LEVEL DETECTED	RANGE OF DETECTION	SOURCES OF CONTAMINANTS
The City of Dayton complied with all MCL* standards for drinking water during 2012.					
The following results summarize thousands of tests performed in 2012.					
Regulated at the Treatment Plant					
Fluoride (ppm)	4	4	1.19	.77-1.19	Natural geology / supplement
Nitrate(ppm)	10	10	1.08	0.17-1.08	Fertilizer runoff / natural geology
Turbidity (NTU)	TT=1	N/A	0.15	0.02-0.17	Lime softening residuals
	TT=>95% must be ≤ 0.3		100% ₁		
cis-1, 2	70	70	0.18	ND-0.63	Discharge from factories
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	TT ₂	N/A	1.0 ppm ₂	0.60-.95	Naturally in the environment
Regulated at the Customer's Tap					
Lead (ppb)	AL = 15	0	<3 ₃	No samples > AL ND - 11	Corrosion of household plumbing materials
Copper (ppm)	AL = 1.3	1.3	0.055 ₃	No samples > AL ND - 0.105	
Regulated in the Distribution System					
Trihalomethanes (ppb)	80 ₄	0	28.5 ₄	18.6-40.6	By-product of chlorination
Haloacetic Acids (ppb)	60 ₄	N/A	5.56 ₄	1.7-6.8	By-product of chlorination
Chlorine	MRDL=4	MRDLG=4	1.09 ₅	.20-1.57	Water additive to control microbes
Coliform Bacteria (%positive/month)	5%	0	1.6% ₆		Naturally present in the environment
Unregulated Compounds - concentration in ppb (Average and range are shown for treatment plant samples)					
Bromodichloromethane	N/A	N/A	4.68	1.05 -13.5	By-products of drinking water chlorination (concentration in ppb)
Bromoform	N/A	N/A	1.06	ND-2.12	
Chloroform	N/A	N/A	3.81	0.69-13.5	
Dibromochloromethane	N/A	N/A	4.45	0.94-13.4	

- Dayton complied with requirements for every month in 2012. Turbidity is used to measure the performance of sand filters.
- Dayton complied with alternate compliance criteria for TOC regulations under the D/DBP Rule. The level reported is "average".
- 90% of samples were <3 ppb for lead and <0.055 ppm for copper. Lead and copper were not detected in most samples.
- Highest running annual average.
- Highest running quarterly average.
- In 2012 three distribution samples were positive for coliform bacteria. There were 1,503 samples analyzed. One sample tested positive for Ecoli.

***MCL** = Maximum Contaminant Level – The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

MCLG = Maximum Contaminant Level Goal – The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

MRDL = Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level—The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

MRDLG = Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal. The level of drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

NTU = Nephelometric Turbidity Units (measure of "cloudiness")

TT = Treatment Technique – A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

AL = Action Level-Concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements for a water system.

pCi/l = picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)

ppm = parts per million

ppb = parts per billion

N/A = not applicable

≤ = less than or equal to

≥ = greater than or equal to

> = greater than

< = less than

ND = Not detected

Radon is a radioactive gas formed by the decay of uranium in rocks and soil. As water passes through rocks and soil, radon is dissolved into ground water. Dayton's plant effluent water had a maximum radon concentration of 119 pCi/L in 2011. This is below the expected standard.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problem, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap water for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. Information on lead is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791) or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>. Paint chips and other exposures are significant sources of lead exposure.

This notice is to inform you that the Brookville Municipality PWS did not monitor and report results for the presence of total coliform bacteria in the public drinking water system during the October 2012 time period, as required by the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency.

Fire Department Training

The Brookville Fire Department continues toward our goal of being one of the best trained fire departments in the area. Our members have fulfilled over 1400 hours of training in the last 18 months, totaling almost 2700 hours of cumulative training.

Our Fire Officers recently completed the Ohio Fire Academy's three part Managing Company Tactical Operations series. This series focuses on officer duties within the incident command system, which establishes a systematic approach to tactical operations. Participants were taught to focus on managing fire companies operating at a fire; developing the decision making skills to accomplish assigned tactics at a structure fire; and fostering ideas that firefighter safety should be the driving force that guides all incident decisions.

Our Fire and Service Departments attended a "Think Hot" program presented by DP&L senior line technicians and instructors, who set up a transformer and electrical lines in the bay at Station 76 to



demonstrate the deadly force of high voltage electrical power (pictured right). Amazingly, they were able to demonstrate lines running up to 7200 volts.

Two of our members also attended a 32-hour Rope Technician training from the Ohio Fire Academy, which focused on basic hardware, principles and knowledge to safely accomplish a variety of diverse rescue tasks in high angle environment. The class spent time at venues offering interesting challenges such as the Dayton Fire Department Training Center, Englewood Training Center, and the Nutter Center.

RX Drug Disposal

Residents are encouraged to bring unwanted or expired prescriptions and other medications to our Police Department for proper disposal. A representative from the Police and Fire Departments will also be at the Villas of Brookhaven on the first Tuesday of each month, from 9 a.m. until 10 a.m. to collect unwanted drugs. The Police Department is located at 301 Sycamore Street, and is open Monday-Friday from 8:00 a.m. until 4:30 p.m.



Health Care Act Creates Staffing Challenges

The Brookville Fire Department continues to improve, learn, and work to make our city as safe as possible, despite many changes in staffing caused by the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, commonly referred to as the Affordable Care Act. This has caused the Fire Department to retool and restructure how we do business. The Fire Department was staffed by part-time and volunteer firefighters and emergency medical technicians, but the Affordable Care Act has no provision for a difference between volunteer hours and part time hours. Furthermore; the act does not offer any exemptions for public safety. The Fire Department has to be staffed 24 hours a day, and with our limited staff working both part-time and volunteer, hours were required to be cut to an average of less than 30 hours per week.

The solution to our situation is to staff the Fire Department 24 hours a day with part-time personnel, but with a pay reduction for the night time crews (6pm-6am), allowing us to work within the existing budget. With more hours staffed, we have had to hire 10 new fire and EMS personnel and plan to hire more. The entire situation has been a challenge, but we are trying to make this as a positive for the City. We feel that with the changes that we have made, we are offering improved service to the community with initial response times reduced, while still meeting the requirements set by the Federal Government.

Emergency Contact Database

During the transition to Englewood Regional Dispatch, our Brookville Fire and Police Departments attempted to contact every business affected by the change to update their emergency contact information in our database. This database provides our public safety personnel with a contact name and phone number in the event of an emergency.

A recent fire incident has prompted us to expand this database. We will now be adding emergency contact information for single and multi-family locations as well. If you are a property owner in the City of Brookville or within the Brookville Fire District and want to provide us with emergency contact information, we will gladly add your entry to the database. Rest assured this information will only be accessed and used for official business and under no circumstances would such information be released without your approval.

To add your information to our database or for further information, contact Fire Chief Ron Fletcher at 833-2345 or email him at ron.fletcher@brookvillefire.us.

Council Members

Dave Seagraves, Mayor

Bob Apgar

Margo Cantrell

Michael Duncan

Bruce Garber

Anne Howard

Chuck Letner

We're on the web!
www.brookvilleohio.com

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Doug Jerome, Dir. of Police
DJerome@brookvillepoliceohio.com

Ron Fletcher, Dir. of Fire
Ron.Fletcher@brookvillefire.us

Pet Owners

Your pooch might be your best friend but not your neighbor's. Please respect others by keeping your dog on a leash while walking and contained in your yard while outside by a leash, tether or fence, as required by City Ordinance.



Also, please respect others by picking up your dog's droppings as required by City Ordinance; and respect your neighbor's right to peace and quiet by taking measures to prevent your dog's prolonged howling or barking.

Summer Issue 2013

City of Brookville
301 Sycamore Street
Brookville, Ohio 45309
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Fax: 937-833-3347

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The City Offices will be closed on the 4th of July in observance of Independence Day. If your refuse and recycling pick up is normally on Thursday, it will be picked up on Friday, July 5th. The City Offices will also be closed on Monday, September 2nd to observe Labor Day. If your refuse and recycling pick up is normally on Monday, it will be picked up on Tuesday, September 3rd. Residents are reminded that per City Ordinance trash cans and refuse totes are to be stored out of sight until their scheduled refuse collection day.

City Receives Three Montgomery County Solid Waste Grants

On April 24, 2013 the Montgomery County Solid Waste Management Policy Committee approved three 2013 Incentive Grant applications submitted by the City of Brookville.

The first grant was used to purchase 500 of the 65-gallon recycling totes. These totes, smaller than our blue trash totes, are green in color with yellow lids. They are available to residents free of charge on a first-come, first-served basis and will be emptied on your regular refuse day. The \$24,125 project was funded with \$15,681 in grant money, with the City contributing \$8,444. We recently took delivery of these totes and have fulfilled our waiting list. If you are interested in one of the recycling totes for your residence, please contact our office at 833-2135, Monday – Friday, between 8:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m.



The second grant will allow us to purchase 200-6' recycled plastic wheelstops, or parking blocks, to be installed at Golden Gate Park. The wheelstops, made of 100% recycled polyethylene products, will replace our remaining concrete parking blocks and wood posts, which are deteriorating and are extremely difficult to handle because of their weight. The new wheelstops will be easier to handle and will dress up the appearance of our park. The \$12,649 project will be funded with \$8,222 grant money, with the City contributing \$4,427.

The last grant, in the amount of \$5,684 will allow us to purchase an above ground double wall used oil storage tank. Our garage facilities are heated with Waste Oil Burners and we need an additional storage tank to hold the used oil. The City will contribute \$3,789 toward the purchase of this storage tank. You can recycle your motor oil by bringing it to our city garage, located at 700 Arlington Road, weekdays between 8:00 a.m. and 3:30 p.m. Please call us at 833-2135 to make arrangements to pick up large quantities of motor oil.